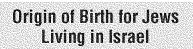
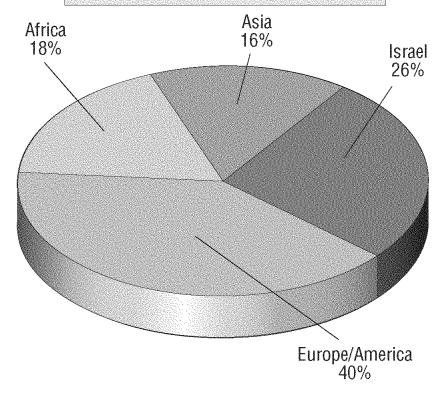
## **Chapter 12 Geography Study Guide**

## **Multiple Choice**

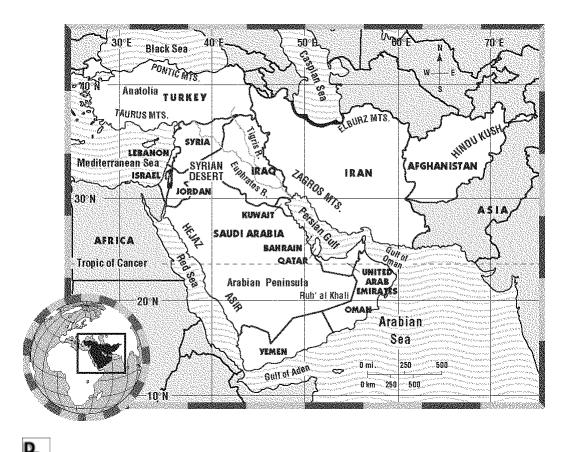
*Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.* 

 1.	What nation of Southwest Asia has land in bot	h As	sia and Europe?
	a. Iran	c.	Turkey
	b. Israel	d.	Afghanistan
2.	What Arab country endured a civil war from 1	975	to 1991?
	a. Iraq	c.	
	b. Lebanon	d.	Turkey
3.	The largest desert in Saudi Arabia is the		•
	a. Negev	c.	Fertile Crescent
	b. Rub' al Khali	d.	Qatar
4.	The Hindu Kush cover most of		
	a. Afghanistan	c.	Turkey
	b. Iran	d.	Iraq
5.	The most industrialized country in Southwest	Asia	is .
	a. Turkey		Israel
	b. Iraq	d.	Iran
 6.	The Law of Return brought an increase in Israe	el's	
	a. Jewish population	_	mining industries
	b. military power	d.	Arab population
 7.	Saudi Arabia is the largest country in		
	a. Southwest Asia	c.	Mesopotamia
	b. Asia	d.	the Fertile Crescent
8.	Istanbul was once called		
	a. Anatolia	c.	Baghdad
	b. Constantinople	d.	Ankara
 9.	Damascus was founded more than 4,000 years	ago	as a
	a. banking capital	_	trading center
	b. seaport	d.	oil drilling city
 10.	Istanbul is the only city in the world located or	ı two	)
	a. oceans	c.	mountain ranges
	b. peninsulas	d.	continents

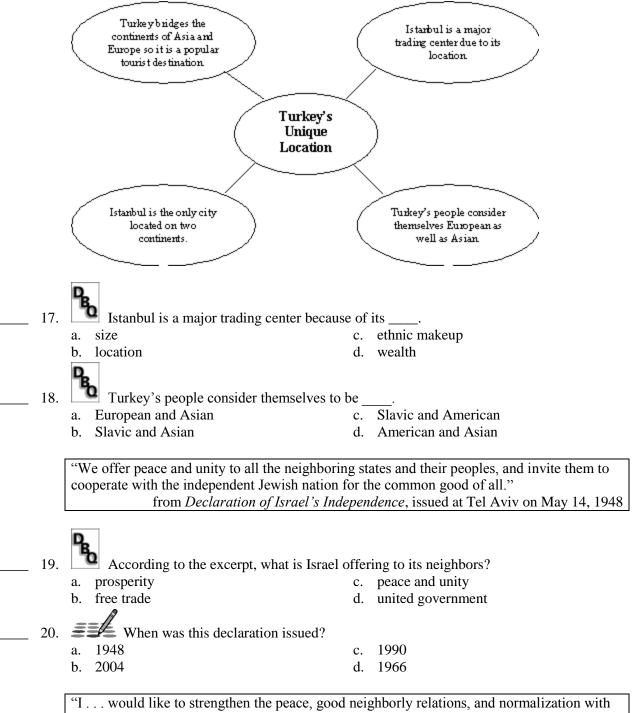




11. Most Jews living in Israel today were born in	
a. Africa c. Europe and America	
b. Asia d. Israel	
12. Approximately 18 percent of Jews currently living in Israel came there from a. Africa c. Europe	n
b. Asia d. America	
13. What percentage of Jews currently living in Israel were born in Asia?	
a. 16 percent c. 27 percent	
b. 40 percent d. 18 percent	



 14.	The Elburz Mountains are in the northern portion of					
	a. United Arab Emirates	c.	Syria			
	b. Yemen	d.	Iran			
15.	The body of water south of Yemen is the	:				
	a. Persian Gulf	c.	Gulf of Aden			
	b. Red Sea	d.	Gulf of Oman			
 16.	The Zagros Mountains are in					
	a. Oman	c.	Iran			
	b. Anatolia	d.	Afghanistan			



"I... would like to strengthen the peace, good neighborly relations, and normalization with Egypt and Jordan, and to strive towards real peace with the Arab countries, primarily Syria and Lebanon. The Government under my leadership will be committed to do all that is possible in order to restore security and stability. But we are not misleading ourselves or the public as to the difficult days that still lie ahead. We will all need to muster the stamina and mobilize the steadfast national will which characterizes our people."

Israeli Prime Minister Ariel Sharon, Inaugural Speech

	D <sub>b</sub>	
5	21. One of Sharon's goals was to	
	a. open trade routes throughout Southwest Asia	
	b. focus on lowering the national debt	
	c. build the military	
	d. strengthen the peace with Israel's neighbors	
	D	
	B	
	22. How did Sharon feel about the work ahead of him?	
	a. It would be easy to accomplish.	
	b. It would be difficult.	
	c. Everyone would cooperate with his wishes.	
	d. He could count on the help of his neighbors.	
	terms will be the greatest guarantee of world peace. To attain this long-term goal [we must have] a better understanding of and dialogue between different civilizations. We must rid ourselves of prejudices For Moslem countries to be better understood in the West a more objective approach towards Islam should be adopted. It should be clearly seen that those who commit violence in the name of Islam do not represent this faith in any way."  Recep Tayyip Erdogan, Prime Minister of Turkey	
2	According to Erdogan, closing the economic and political gap between developed and dev	veloping
	nations will be the greatest guarantee of	
	a. better schools c. world trade	
	b. better government d. world peace	
	P <sub>B</sub>	
2	24. To whom is Erdogan most likely speaking?	
	a. fellow Muslims c. Israelis	
	b. people from the West d. other Europeans	

## **Chapter 12 Geography Study Guide Answer Section**

## MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.	ANS:	C DIF:	Average	REF:	336	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
2.	ANS:	B DIF:	Average	REF:	339			
3.	ANS:	B DIF:	Average	REF:	347	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
4.	ANS:	A DIF:	Average	REF:	354	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
5.	ANS:	C DIF:	Average	REF:	344	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
6.	ANS:	A DIF:	Easy	REF:	346	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
7.	ANS:	A DIF:	Easy	REF:	347	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
8.	ANS:	B DIF:	Easy	REF:	338	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
9.	ANS:	C DIF:	Average	REF:	339	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
10.	ANS:	D DIF:	Average	REF:	338	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
11.	ANS:	C DIF:	Average	REF:	346	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
	MSC:	SC: Document Based Question						
12.	ANS:		$\mathcal{C}$	REF:	346	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
		Document Based Que						
13.	ANS:		$\mathcal{C}$	REF:	346	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
		Document Based Que						
14.	ANS:		Average	REF:	337	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS1a	
		Document Based Que						
15.	ANS:		•	REF:	337	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS1a	
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1/.	ANS:	Document Based Que	C	REF:	338	<b>S10</b> :	GEOG7.EGPS1c	
1 Q	ANS:	_	Average	REF:	229	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5	
10.		Document Based Que	•	KLT.	336	310.	GEOG7.EGF33	
19	ANS:			REF:	354	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS1c, GEOG7.EGPS5	
1).		Document Based Que	-	KLI.	334	510.	GLOG7.LGI 51c, GLOG7.LGI 55	
20	ANS:	_		REF:	354	MSC:	Document Based Question	
	ANS:		•	REF:			GEOG7.EGPS1c	
21.		Document Based Que	•	TLLI .	55,	510.	02007.201510	
22.	ANS:			REF:	337	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS1c	
		Document Based Que	•					
23.	ANS:			REF:	337	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS6	
	MSC:	Document Based Que	•					
24.	ANS:	A DIF:	Average	REF:	337	STO:	GEOG7.EGPS5, GEOG7.EGPS6	
	MSC:	Document Based Que	estion					